

Identification Guide for Frogs and Toads

of low-elevation wetlands of the Fraser Valley of BC

www.preciousfrog.ca

How to use this guide

This document provides guidelines to identify frogs and toads in the low-elevation wetlands of the Lower Fraser Valley of British Columbia. It focuses on features that differentiate similar species.

Introduced frogs, the American Bullfrog (Lithobates catesbeianus) and the Green Frog (Lithobates clamitans) are now common in the Fraser Valley and should be euthanized when caught.

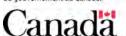
Commonly encountered native species are the Western Toad (Anaxyrus boreas) and the Northern Pacific Tree Frog (Pseudacris regilla). Both are found in a wide variety of wetland habitats and forested habitats. Coastal Tailed frogs (Ascaphus montanus), found in steep mountain streams, are not covered in this guide.

Two native ranid frogs are similar and easy to confuse: the Endangered Oregon Spotted Frog (Rana pretiosa) and the Threatened Northern Red-Legged Frog (Rana aurora). Open to Page 2 for an overview of features that differentiate between the two species.

> Find more photos of our local native species at www.preciousfrog.ca

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has a green lip-line, it is an American Bullfrog or a Green Frog, both invasive species. Green Frog

(Lithobates clamitans, LICL)

Green lip line

Prominent tympanum (ear drum)

Dorso-lateral fold / ridge runs from eye to hip.

Male tympanum significantly larger than eye. Mature breeding males have bright vellow throat.

Female has tympanum similar in size or a little larger than eye, and white throat.

Immature frogs have dorsolateral fold to hip and pale green lip line to shoulder.







Special Concern

American Bullfrog

Lithobates catesbeianus, LICA)

Green lip line

If the frog has a prominent tympanum (eardrum) as large as or bigger than the eye, and

Prominent tympanum (ear drum)

Prominent glandular fold curves behind tympanum.

Male tympanum significantly larger than eye. Mature breeding males have bright yellow throat.

Female has tympanum similar in size or a little larger than eye, and white throat.

Immature frogs have glandular fold around tympanum and less prominent lip line.



Invasive Species!





Northern Pacific Tree Frog Pseudacris regilla, PSRE

Western Toad (Anaxyrus boreas, ANBO)

Adults have large parotoid glands and rough, bumpy skin.

Short, squat appearance with short legs for walking / crawling rather than hopping.

Hind feet strong with rubbery knobs for digging.

Distinctive pale-coloured dorsal stripe but skin colouration is not distinctive.

Juveniles have rough, bumpy skin and can be almost black in colour to terra-cotta red or dark green.

Large aggregations of juveniles seen in late summer.







Toes are long and narrow, with rounded toe-pads for climbing.

and can be dependent on location. Range from pale yellow to bright green, terracotta red to dark brown.

Males have dark grey throat pouch in breeding season.

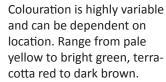
Juveniles are similar to adults with dark mask.







Distinctive dark eye band or mask from eye to forearm.



ADULTS

Red-Legged Frog Oregon Spotted Frog

No yellow at hip. Belly mottled grey-white to bright red.



Mottled bright yellow patches on sides at hip.



Diagnostic for adults only.

Skin of legs opaque, colour ranges from white to red. Cannot see through to bone and muscle.



From above, eyes do not (or only slightly) protrude beyond body line. Rounded snout.



Raised bumps on sides (and often back) of frog.

Skin of legs transluscent, pink with gold and yellow flecks. Bone, muscle and ligaments visible.



From above, eyes protrude beyond body line. More pointed snout.



Smooth skin on sides and back. Not bumpy.

IMMIATURE



Pale, distinct lip-line to shoulder. Dorso-lateral folds vague on lower back.



No yellow hip patch.



From above, eyes do not (or only slightly) protrude beyond body line. Eyes gold coloured.



Rounded snout.

Legs of both translucent. Underside pattern not distinctive.

Note that distinct 'harness' shaped pattern on chest (per Corkran & Thoms 2006) is NOT indicative of species, and is present on all recently-metamorphosed individuals.



Pale, distinct lip-line to shoulder. Reddish dorso-lateral folds prominent to hips.



Mottled yellow hip patch.



From above, eyes protrude beyond body line. Eyes usually copper coloured.



Pointed snout

TADPOLES



Belly pale with fine-grained markings or no mottles in later stages.



Upper tail fin extends to the base of the tail.



Belly mottled with irregularly shaped pigmented blocthes on a dark background.



Not diagnostic, particularly in more developed larvae

Upper tail fin is tall, sail-like, and extends to the middle of the back of the body.

Western Toad

TADPOLES - Other Species

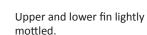
N. Pacific Tree Frog

Mouth small, oriented forwards. Body < 20 mm. pale rounded belly, short tail. Eyes protrude beyond body line when viewed from above.





Large tadpoles with dark upper and creamy yellow belly.



Dorsal fin and tail muscles spotted with distinct dots. ventral fin unmarked.

If you suspect you have found an Oregon Spotted Frog, please take photographs of the frog from the top, side with leg extended and of its underside. Forward photos and location information (with coordinates, if possible) to info@preciousfrog.ca. You may have found a new population!